



Overall score: **47%** Provides some information to the public in its budget documents during the year.

Highlights Information in Public Documents

Namibia's score on the Open Budget Index shows that the government provides the public with some information on the central government's budget and financial activities during the course of the budget year. This makes it somewhat difficult for citizens to hold government accountable for its management of the public's money.

The Open Budget Index 2008 evaluates the quantity and type of information that governments make available to their publics in the seven key budget documents that should be issued during the budget year. One of the most important documents is the executive's budget proposal. It should contain the executive's plans for the upcoming year along with the cost of the proposed activities. The proposal should be available to the public and to the legislature prior to being finalized, at least three months before the start of the budget year to allow for sufficient review and public debate.

In Namibia, the proposal provides significant information to the public, meaning citizens have a comprehensive picture of the government's plans for taxing and spending for the upcoming year.

However, it is difficult to track spending, revenue collection and borrowing during the year. Namibia publishes a quarterly in-year report, but it is incomplete and is not published on a regular basis. Namibia does not publish its mid-year review. Publishing these documents would greatly strengthen public accountability, since they provide updates on how the budget is being implemented during the year.

It is also difficult to assess budget performance in Namibia once the budget year is over. A year-end report is produced, but it lacks several important details, preventing full comparisons between what was budgeted and what was actually spent and collected. Also, while Namibia makes its audit report public, it does not provide any information on whether the audit report's recommendations are successfully implemented.

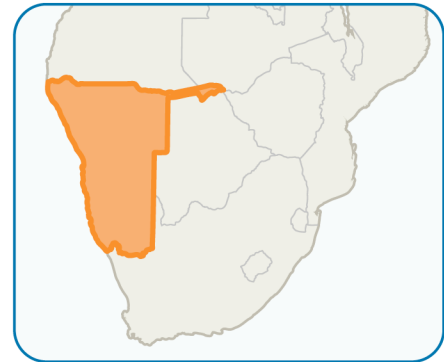
Access to the highly detailed budget information needed to understand the government's progress in undertaking a specific project or activity remains extremely limited. Namibia has not codified the right to access government information into law.

Public Participation and Institutions of Accountability

Beyond improving access to key budget documents, there are other ways in which Namibia's budget process could be made more open.

Opportunities for citizen participation in budget debates could be introduced. For example, the legislature does not hold hearings on the budget in which the public can participate.

The independence of Namibia's Supreme Audit Institution is limited. The SAI has some discretion to decide which audits to undertake, but it does not have a budget sufficient to fulfill its mandate.



Availability of Key Budget Documents and Citizens Budget (in order of expected release)

Pre-Budget Statement	<input type="radio"/> No
Executive's Budget Proposal	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Citizens Budget	<input type="radio"/> No
Enacted Budget	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
In-year Reports	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Mid-Year Review	<input type="radio"/> No
Year-End Report	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes
Audit Report	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes

Open Budget Index 2008

Namibia



The Open Budget Index evaluates the quantity and type of information available to the public in a country's budget documents. A country's placement within a performance category was determined by averaging the response to 91 questions on the Open Budget Questionnaire related to information contained in the eight key budget documents that all countries should make available to the public.

Research to complete the Open Budget Questionnaire was undertaken by:

Graham Hopwood
 Institute for Public Policy Research
 Box 6566 Ausspannplatz, Windhoek,
 Namibia
 Tel: +26 461 240 514
 Email: director@ippr.org.na
 Website: www.ippr.org.na

The International Budget Project was established as part of the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, a Washington, DC-based non-partisan non-profit research organization, in 1997 to support civil society organizations around the world interested in strengthening public budget processes, institutions and outcomes. For more information on the IBP and the Open Budget Initiative 2008, please visit www.openbudgetindex.org

