Change in Transparency Over Time

Usefulness of Budget Information Throughout the Budget Cycle

TRANSPARENCY (OPEN BUDGET INDEX)

The Government of Albania provides the public with minimal budget information.

OUT OF 100

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The Government of Albania is weak in providing the public with opportunities to engage in the budget process.

OUT OF 100

BUDGET OVERSIGHT

Budget oversight by the legislature in Albania is limited.

OUT OF 100

Budget oversight by the supreme audit institution in Albania is adequate.

Regional Comparison

Albania's score of 38 out of 100 is moderately lower than the global average score of 45.
The Availability of Budget Documents Over Time

Since 2012, the Government of Albania has decreased the availability of budget information by:

- Reducing the comprehensiveness of the Executive’s Budget Proposal.
- Reducing the comprehensiveness of the Pre-Budget Statement.

Moreover, the Government of Albania has failed to make progress in the following ways:

- Not making the Year-End Report available to the public.
- Not producing a Citizens Budget or a Mid-Year Review.

Evidence suggests that transparency alone is insufficient for improving governance, and that public participation in budgeting can maximize the positive outcomes associated with greater budget transparency.

To measure public participation, the Open Budget Survey assesses the degree to which the government provides opportunities for the public to engage in budget processes. Such opportunities should be provided throughout the budget cycle by the executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution.

Albania’s score of 15 out of 100 indicates that the provision of opportunities for the public to engage in the budget process is weak. This is lower than the global average score of 25.

The legislature provides more opportunities for public participation than the executive and the supreme audit institution.
The Open Budget Survey examines the extent to which legislatures and supreme audit institutions are able to provide effective oversight of the budget. These institutions play a critical role — often enshrined in national constitutions — in planning budgets and overseeing their implementation.

Oversight by the Legislature

The legislature provides limited oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and weak oversight during the implementation stage of the budget cycle. The legislature does not have a specialized budget research office. The Executive’s Budget Proposal is not provided to legislators at least three months before the start of the budget year. And, in both law and practice, the legislature is not consulted prior to the virement of funds in the Enacted Budget and spending contingency funds that were not identified in the Enacted Budget.

Oversight by the Supreme Audit Institution

The supreme audit institution provides adequate budget oversight. Under the law, it has full discretion to undertake audits as it sees fit. Moreover, the head of the supreme audit institution cannot be removed without legislative or judicial approval, which bolsters its independence. Finally, the supreme audit institution is provided with sufficient resources to fulfill its mandate but has a limited quality assurance system in place.

Improving Transparency

Albania should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:
■ Publish a Year-End Report.
■ Produce and publish a Citizens Budget and Mid-Year Review.
■ Increase the comprehensiveness of the Executive’s Budget Proposal by presenting more information on the classification of expenditures for future years and the classification of expenditures for prior years.

Improving Participation

Albania should prioritize the following actions to improve budget participation:
■ Establish credible and effective mechanisms (i.e., public hearings, surveys, focus groups) for capturing a range of public perspectives on budget matters.
■ Hold legislative hearings on the state of the economy that are attended by the executive and open to the public.
■ Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist the supreme audit institution to formulate its audit program and participate in audit investigations.

Improving Oversight

Albania should prioritize the following actions to strengthen budget oversight:
■ Establish a specialized budget research office for the legislature.
■ In both law and practice, ensure the legislature is consulted prior to the virement of funds in the Enacted Budget and the spending of contingency funds that were not identified in the Enacted Budget.
The Open Budget Survey uses internationally accepted criteria developed by multilateral organizations such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), and the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI). It is a fact-based research instrument that assesses what occurs in practice through readily observable phenomena. The entire research process took approximately 18 months between March 2014 and September 2015 and involved about 300 experts in 102 countries. The Survey was revised somewhat from the 2012 version to reflect emerging developments in accepted good practice and to strengthen individual questions. A full discussion of these changes can be found in a technical note on the comparability of the Open Budget Index over time (see below).

Survey responses are typically supported by citations and comments. This may include a reference to a public document, an official statement by the government, or comments from a face-to-face interview with a government official or other knowledgeable party.

The Survey is compiled from a questionnaire completed for each country by independent budget experts who are not associated with the national government. Each country’s questionnaire is then independently reviewed by an anonymous expert who also has no association to government. In addition, IBP invites national governments to comment on the draft results from the Survey and considers these comments before finalizing the Survey results.

The government of Albania provided comments on the draft Open Budget Questionnaire results.

Research to complete this country’s Open Budget Survey was undertaken by:
Robert Çeço
Albanian Socio-Economic Think-Tank (ASET)
Rr. “Ismail Qemali”, Pallati 27/1, Shkalla 2, Apt 13
P.O. Box 1506
Tirana
Albania

Further Information
Visit www.openbudgetsurvey.org for more information, including:
• The Open Budget Survey 2015: Global Report
• Individual datasets for each of the 102 countries surveyed.
• A technical note on the comparability of the Open Budget Index over time.