Drawing on internationally accepted criteria developed by multilateral organizations, the Open Budget Survey uses 109 equally weighted indicators to measure budget transparency. These indicators assess whether the central government makes eight key budget documents available to the public online in a timely manner and whether these documents present budget information in a comprehensive and useful way.

Each country receives a composite score (out of 100) that determines its ranking on the Open Budget Index – the world’s only independent and comparative measure of budget transparency.

**How has the OBI score for Thailand changed over time?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Pre-Budget Statement</th>
<th>Executive’s Budget Proposal</th>
<th>Enacted Budget</th>
<th>Citizens Budget</th>
<th>In-Year Reports</th>
<th>Mid-Year Review</th>
<th>Year-End Report</th>
<th>Audit Report</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
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**How comprehensive and useful is the information provided in the key budget documents that Thailand publishes?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document Type</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2017</th>
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<td>Pre-Budget Statement</td>
<td>80</td>
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<td>Executive’s Budget Proposal</td>
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<td>Enacted Budget</td>
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<td>Citizens Budget</td>
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<td>In-Year Reports</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mid-Year Review</td>
<td>52</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year-End Report</td>
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<td>Not produced</td>
<td>Not produced</td>
<td>Not produced</td>
<td>Not produced</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How comprehensive and useful is the information provided in the key budget documents that Thailand publishes?**

Thailand’s score of 56 out of 100 is substantially higher than the global average score of 42.
Transparency alone is insufficient for improving governance. Public participation in budgeting is vital to realize the positive outcomes associated with greater budget transparency.

To measure public participation, the Open Budget Survey assesses the degree to which the government provides opportunities for the public to engage in budget processes. Such opportunities should be provided throughout the budget cycle by the executive, the legislature, and the supreme audit institution.

The questions assessing participation in the Open Budget Survey 2017 were revised to align them with the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency’s new principles on public participation, which now serve as the basis for widely accepted norms on public participation in national budget processes. Therefore, data on the extent of public participation in budgeting in the Open Budget Survey 2017 cannot be compared directly to data from earlier editions.

How does public participation in Thailand compare to other countries in the region?

Thailand’s score of 7 out of 100 indicates that it provides few opportunities for the public to engage in the budget process. This is lower than the global average score of 12.

To what extent do different institutions in Thailand provide opportunities for public participation?

However, Thailand has failed to make progress in the following ways:
- Not producing a Year-End Report.

Since 2015, Thailand has increased the availability of budget information by:
- Publishing the Mid-Year Review and the Audit Report online.
The Open Budget Survey examines the role that legislatures, supreme audit institutions, and independent fiscal institutions play in the budget process and the extent to which they are able to provide effective oversight of the budget. These institutions play a critical role — often enshrined in national constitutions or laws — in planning budgets and overseeing their implementation.

These indicators were revised to better assess the role of formal oversight institutions in ensuring integrity and accountability in the use of public resources. Therefore, data on the role and effectiveness of oversight institutions in the Open Budget Survey 2017 should not be compared directly to data from earlier editions.

For more detailed information on the survey findings for Thailand, please see the Open Budget Survey Data Explorer at survey.internationalbudget.org.

Oversight by an Independent Fiscal Institution
Thailand’s independent fiscal institution (IFI) is called the Parliamentary Budget Office. Its independence is not set in law, and it reports to the legislature. It publishes its own cost estimates of some new policy proposals.

While IFIs are not yet widespread globally, they are increasingly recognized as an important source of independent, nonpartisan information. IFIs take a variety of different institutional forms. Common examples include parliamentary budget offices and fiscal councils. For more information, see Lisa von Trapp, Ian Lienert, and Joachim Wehner, “Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions and Case Studies,” OECD Journal on Budgeting, March 2016 (special issue), pp. 9-24.

To what extent does the legislature in Thailand provide budget oversight?

The legislature provides limited oversight during the budget cycle. This score reflects that the legislature provides limited oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and weak oversight during the implementation stage of the budget cycle.

To what extent does the supreme audit institution in Thailand provide budget oversight?

The supreme audit institution provides adequate budget oversight.

For more detailed information on the survey findings for Thailand, please see the Open Budget Survey Data Explorer at survey.internationalbudget.org.

How can Thailand improve transparency?
Thailand should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Produce and publish a Year-End Report.
- Increase the information provided in the Mid-Year Review by explaining the differences between the original and updated macroeconomic forecasts and expenditure estimates and presenting expenditure estimates by administrative, functional, and programmatic classifications.

RECOMMENDATIONS
How can Thailand improve participation?
Thailand should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in its budget process:

- Pilot mechanisms for members of the public and executive branch officials to exchange views on national budget matters during both the formulation of the national budget and the monitoring of its implementation. These mechanisms could build on innovations, such as participatory budgeting and social audits. For examples of such mechanisms, see [www.fiscaltransparency.net/mechanisms/](http://www.fiscaltransparency.net/mechanisms/)
- Hold legislative hearings on the formulation of the annual budget, during which members of the public or civil society organizations can testify.
- Establish formal mechanisms for the public to participate in relevant audit investigations.

How can Thailand improve oversight?
Thailand should prioritize the following actions to make budget oversight more effective:

- Ensure legislative committees examine and publish reports on their analyses of the Executive’s Budget Proposal online.
- Ensure a legislative committee examines and publishes reports on in-year budget implementation online.
- Ensure audit processes are reviewed by an independent agency.
- Publish the reports of the independent fiscal institution on macroeconomic and fiscal forecasts and on cost estimates of new policy proposals online.

**METHODOLOGY**

The Open Budget Survey uses internationally accepted criteria developed by multilateral organizations from sources such as the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI) and the Global Initiative for Fiscal Transparency (GIFT).

It is a fact-based research instrument that assesses what occurs in practice through readily observable phenomena. The entire research process took approximately 18 months between August 2016 and January 2018 and involved about 300 experts in 115 countries. The Open Budget Survey 2017 assesses only events, activities, or developments that occurred up to 31 December 2016. The survey was revised somewhat from the 2015 version to reflect evolving methods for disseminating budget information and to strengthen individual questions on public participation and budget oversight. A discussion of these changes can be found in the Open Budget Survey Global Report (see link below).

Survey responses are typically supported by citations and comments. This may include a reference to a public document, an official statement by the government, or comments from a face-to-face interview with a government official or other knowledgeable parties.

The survey is based on a questionnaire that is completed for each country by independent budget experts who are not associated with the national government.

The draft responses to each country’s questionnaire are then independently reviewed by an anonymous expert who also has no association with the national government.

In addition, IBP invites nearly all national governments to comment on the draft responses and considers these comments before finalizing the survey results.

Researchers respond to comments from peer reviewers and their government, if applicable, and IBP referees any conflicting answers in order to ensure consistency across countries in selecting answers.

The government of Thailand provided comments on the draft Open Budget Questionnaire results.

Research to complete this country's Open Budget Survey was undertaken by:
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Consultant
185 Mu 1 Ban Pan Muang
Lamphun, Thailand
Postal Code: 51000

**Further Information**
Visit [openbudgetsurvey.org](http://openbudgetsurvey.org) for more information, including:

- The Open Budget Survey 2017: Global report
- Data explorer
- Methodology report
- Full questionnaire